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MRS. A. J. WUERFEL'S

TAILOR'S RULES

AND

DIAGRAMS.



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MRS. A. J. WUERFEL'S

...TAILOR'S RULES...

AND

DIAGRAMS.

INSTRUMENTS PATENTED JUNE 7th, 1887.

FOR CUTTING ANY SIZE OR STYLE OF GARMENT FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN.

IT IS ABSOLUTELY FORBIDDEN TO SELL PATTERNS
MADE ACCORDING TO THESE RULES.

TERMS: Price of Rules, with Instruction, \$20.00. FEES MUST BE PAID IN ADVANCE.

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Copyright, 1889, by Mrs A J Wuerfel

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RULES OF INSTRUMENTS.

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The square is provided with two blades, blade B and blade C, the outer edge of blade B being provided with an inch scale D, having two rows of numerals, one of which runs from 1 to 18 and the other from 19 to 36 inches, thus completing the yard-measure. Line E on blade B is a guide for the front shoulder. The two cross-lines F and F on the blade B represent the guide for the front bust-measure. The first line F at 3½ inches is for measuring a child's bust, the line F at 4 inches is for measuring a lady's bust.

The inner edge of blade B is provided with the scale G running from 1 to 9 inches and this scale is intended for measuring the length of the shoulder. On the inner edge of blade C is formed a scale II with the numerals from 1 to 12 and this scale H corresponds with scale G and is intended for measuring the

height of the shoulder.

The outer part of blade C is provided with three scales, I, J and K, which form the combined front neck scale. The scale I with the numerals 10 to 18 is for measuring the width of neck, and corresponds with the scale J marked with the numerals 1 to 6, and is intended as the measuring-scale for representing different widths of front neck.

The scale J also corresponds with the scale K having the numerals 9 to 18, subdivision, which represents eighteen inches for different sizes of front neck. The figures 1 to 12 on the outer edge of scale K indicate the sizes of the neck, and correspond with the shoulder-scale H to measuring the height of shoulder.

Figure 2 is a curved blade for marking the back of the garment and curved lines on the outer edge of L is formed. The scale M is for measuring and shaping the back of the arms-eye. The numerals 11 to 10 on this scale M indicate different sizes of bust, the numerals 1 to 4 of the same scale are for splicing round back. The part Q of scale M represents different arm-sizes. The letters I and C stand for children, the letter M for misses, and the letter L for ladies.

The lines N across the curved blade are marked with numerals 12 to 18 and are guide-lines for the back-draft. The numerals 9 to 18 represent different sizes of neck and width of back. The curved inner edge O of the curved blade, is provided with an inch-scale R, having a subdivision and said scale is used for

measuring the curved back and side-form.

RULES FOR BUST.

How to connect the different measures of bust with the intended bust-scale M on curved blade for a small arms-eye.

For measure of bust 7 to 8 inches take from figure 11 to the letter l on curved blade.

For 9 to 10 inches bust take figure 11 to letter C.

For 11 to 12 inches bust take figure 11 to letter M.

For 13 to 14 inches bust take figure 11 to letter L.

For 15 to 16 inches bust take figure 12 to letter L.

MEASURES FOR WAIST.

Pin a canvas belt around the waist, have the edge of belt to touch the hip; do not have the belt to a point front or back, have it direct around the waist.

- 1st. Length of front waist, measure from the neck down to lower edge of belt, mark the length. For slant of waist add from a 12 to 1 inch.
 - and. Size of neck, measure around the lower part of bare neck.
- 3rd. Length of shoulder, measure from the neck to shoulder, slant the measure back of shoulder.
- 4th. Width of chest, place the tape I inch below the neck at the center of chest, measure to the arms-eye.
- 5th. Width of back, measure from the center of back to the curve of back arms-eye, place the point of tape at the curve of arms-eye, continue to the center of front bust. This divides the back from the bust.
- 6th. Length of side, place the point of tape to the curve of back armseye, measure to the lower edge of belt, add for slant.
- 7th. Under arm leugth, take this measure the exact length, measure from under-arm to lower edge of belt.
 - 8th. Height of darts, measure from the lower edge of belt up to bust.
- 9th. Length of back, measure from the neck to lower edge of belt, allow for slant.
 - 10th. Width of waist, take the measure around the waist tight.
 - 11th. Width of hip, take the measure around the hip loose.

The waist and hip measure divide according to the figures in division table. Should there be 12 inches in the measure, add it to the front waist and hip. The figures from 20 to 61 represent the entire measure, the divided fig-

ures under "Front" are for the use of front waist and hip. The divided figures under "Back" ar for use of back waist and hip.

DIVISION TABLE.

Front Back.	Front. Back.	Front. Back.
20 7 3	34 514	
21 7,2 3	$35 \cdots 12 \frac{1}{4} \cdots 5 \frac{1}{4}$	49 16 4 7 3/4
22 7 ³ 4 3 ¹ 4	305_{12}	50 17.4 7.34
23 8 3,12	$37 \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot 12\frac{3}{4} \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot 5^{3}4$	51 8
$24,\ldots,8^{T_2},\ldots,3^{T_2}$	38 6	528
$258^{3}43^{3}4$	39 6	53 1814 814
26 9 4	406	$5418_{12}8_{1/2}$
$27 \cdot \dots \cdot 9 \cdot 2 \cdot \dots \cdot 4$	41 61,	5519 81,
284	4^{2}	5619¼ 8¾
29 10.4 4.4	43 1434 634	57 19½ 9
$30. \dots 10^{1} 2 \dots 4^{1} 2$	44 15 7	58 1934 914
31 1034 434	45 7	$59 \dots 20^{1} \cancel{4} \dots 9^{1} \cancel{4}$
32 5	46 1534 714	60 20 12 912
33 5	4710 7.12	6191

DIAGRAM FIG. I ON PLATE No. 1

Is a full sized draft of front neck for ladies. By placing the rule on the

draft it aids the pupil in remembering the different motions of the neck.

The front of the neck is formed by different motions of the square to represent an angle (as shown by the lines mark "height" and "width") before the neck can be shaped. Each different size of neck is formed and shaped in the same manner.

The scale I which is formed near the point on the inner edge of blade C iz the measuring scale for width of neck, the said scale I is used to measure a certain height of neck before the width is measured.

Place the square with the blade B towards you, draw a line, then mark at

inch 3 at edge of blade B the guide stroke for neck.

For measure of neck 14 inches place the point of blade C on the stroke of neck, have the edge of blade C on the guide-line, mark at figure 14 of scale I the stroke for height, turn the blade B from you place the point of blade C on the stroke for height with the scale I from you, mark at figure 14 of scale I the exact width of neck 14 inches, then draw a line to form an angle.

At the original stroke of neck mark a 12 inch in, mark a 14 inch in at the

width of neck for fullness of chest.

For size of neck place the figure 3 of scale I on the latter stroke of neck, have the edge of scale K even with the width of neck. For size of neck 14 inches mark at the edge of scale K, for the opposite subdivision inch 14, draw a line for shape of neck from subdivision inch 14 of scale K to figure 3 of scale L.

For guide of the shoulder place the angle of square on the guide-stroke of neck, have the blade C even with the original guide line, draw a guide line at

the edge of blade B from inch o to inch 11.

To shape the shoulder place the inch I of shoulder scale G even with the size of neck, place the figure to of shoulder scale II on the guide-line E, mark the length of shoulder; then draw a line."

For width of chest place the blade C on the original front-guide with inch I on the original guide-stroke of neck, mark the width of chest by the edge of

blade B.

For a very full bust, mark a 12 inch in at the side of neck, mark 34 of an

inch in at the original guide-stroke of neck, to give sufficient fullness

For a lady with a very flat bust make very little change at the neck as there is not much fullness required for chest. For a child make no change as the diagram shows.

DIAGRAM FIG. 2 ON PLATE No. 1

IS A FULL SIZED DRAFT OF NECK FOR C-I.D.

For measure of neck 9 inches place the point of blade C on the stroke of neck, have the edge of blade C on the guide line, mark at figure 10 of scale 1 the stroke for height, turn the blade B from you, place the point of blade C on the stroke for height, with the scale I from you, mark at figure 10 of scale I the exact width of neck.

For size of neck place the figure 1 of scale [on the original stroke of neck, have the edge of scale K even with the width of neck. For size of neck q inches mark at edge of scale K for opposite subdivision-inch 9, draw a line for shape

of neck from subdivision-inch q of scale K to figure r of scale [.

Teach the plain waist first to the pupil as it is quickly learned.

DIAGRAM FIGS. I AND 2 OF PLATE NO. 2

Shows a diminutive draft of ladies' front waist with bias dart.

Allow for hom, place the square 2 inches from the edge of paper, draw a me along the edge of blade B for original front-guide, mark at inch 3 at edge of blade B the guide-stroke for neck, place the blade B to your left with the point of blade C on the guide-stroke of neck, have the edge of blade C on the original guide-line, mark at figure 13 of scale I, place the point of blade C on the latter stroke with the scale I from you, mark at figure 13 of scale I the exact width of neck, mark a 12 inch in at the guide stroke of neck, mark a 14 inch in at the width of neck, place the figure 3 of scale I on the latter stroke of neck, have the edge of scale K even with the width of neck. For size of neck 13 inches, mark at figure 7 of scale K, draw a line for shape of neck.

For guide of shoulder place the angle of square on the guide-stroke of neck, have the blade C even with the original guide-line, draw a guide-line at blade B from inch 9 to inch 11, place the inch 1 of shoulder scale G even with the size of neck, place figure 7 of shoulder-scale H on the guide-line for shoulder, mark

the length of shoulder, then draw a line.

For guide of bust and length of waist, place the angle of square on the stroke of neck, have the edge of blade B on original front-guide, mark at both edges of bust-guide F at inch 4, mark the length of front waist. To guide the width of waist, place the angle of square on length of waist, have the blade C on original front guide, then draw a line along the edge of blade B, then draw a tower line according to the allowance for slant of waist.

For width of chest, place the square up to the neck, have the blade C with the inch r on the stroke of neck, mark the width of chest by the edge of blade B.

For width of bust, place the angle of square on the two strokes of bust-guide with the blade C toward you, draw a line along the edge of blade B, mark the width of bust for front part. To shape the arms-eye, draw a line from length of shoulder to width of chest and to width of bust.

For under-arm length, place the angle of square on stroke of bust, have

blade B to slant from you, then draw a guide-line for under-arm length.

To locate the darts at waist, place the angle of square on the curve stroke of waist-length, with the edge of blade B on the upper waist-guide, divide the waist measure in unequal parts, add the width for the darts, mark the first dart 11½ inches from the front-edge, add 2 inches for the first dart, take 1 inch waist from first to second dart, add 4½ inches for second dart.

For the height of darts place the blade B on the front edge, have the inch of the intended height on the stroke of waist with the blade C across the bust, locate the top of darts by the edge of blade C, if the first dart is marked at inch 3, the second dart mark at inch 6, raise the second dart a 14 inch or more.

To shape the darts, take curved blade, place the point of edge L on the first stroke of lower waist-guide, draw a line to the height of dart stroke, for the opposite side of the dart turn the blade blank up and draw a line, shape the second dart in the same manner, measure the front line of second dart from the top to waist, if this be $7\frac{1}{2}$ inches, measure the bias line of the same dart $7\frac{1}{2}$ inches, from this latter stroke guide the waist line.

Place the angle of square on the latter stroke of dart, slant the blade up to under-arm length, take the width for waist and draw a line, then draw a curved

line from bust to waist, for the hip, draw a line below the waist-line.

For the side part, place the square with the edge of blade C on the waist-guide, have the blade B to your left, draw a line for guide of side, the length of side mark at blade B the guide-stroke also for bust, for width of bust, place the

angle of square on the side guide-stroke of bust, mark the remaining width of bust by the edge of blade B, draw a line, curve the side from bust to waist guide, place the angle of square on the stroke of side, with blade C on the waist-guide, take the remaining subdivision inches for width of waist.

Place the angle of square on the guide and width of waist, have the edge of blade B even with the stroke for bust, mark the under arm length at blade B, draw a line to waist, slant the side of waist to the lower waist guide. The hip

take in length according to fashion.

In defining the two lines running across the waist, the upper line is for the direct waist line and indicates the lower edge of belt, while the lower line is purposely for the slant of waist according to the allowance of measure.

DIAGRAM FIG. 3 OF PLATE No. 2

SHOWS HOW TO DRAW 2 UNDER-ARM PARTS FOR A STOUT LADY.

Bear in mind that the measures in division table are not always satisfactory, for example, for waist measure 28 inches, in order to draw the back narrow at waist, take the inches of waist not desired for the back and add it to the underarm parts, if this should not make it wide enough, take from the front waist-measure to make it wide enough to make 2 parts and splice it as the diagram shows. When the present instructions are used the 2 under-arm parts take the place of the 1 under-arm part.

RULES FOR BIAS DARTS.

The bias cutting is managed by the side line of second dart, this is why it is called the bias dart line. The first dart should always be cut straight, take from 112 to 2 inches, take no more in width of the first dart.

For a slender form take 3 ½ inches in the bias dart, for a very large bust take 4 to 5 inches in the bias dart, mark the bias line in length from the top to

the waist-line with first line of same dart.

Place the darts according to the width of chest, have the fullness of the darts to slant up to the bust, if the second dart slants up to the arm's-eye it will

spoil the fit of the garment.

How to divide the bust for under-arm parts, if the chest is 6 inches in width there should be 2½ inches more in the bust from front-edge to under-arm. For 6½ to 7 inches chest take 9 inches for bust, take the remainder of the bust measure in the under-arm part or parts. If the bust and waist measure are wide enough make two under-arm parts.

DIAGRAM FIG. 1 OF PLATE No. 3 SHOWS A DIMINUTIVE DRAFT OF BACK FOR LADIES.

For back place the square 1½ inch from the edge of paper, have the blade C to your left, draw a line for waist guide by the edge of blade C, mark at the angle of blade B the guide stroke of waist, mark the length for back to your right, this mark is also the guide for neck, draw a line for center-line of back. Take curved blade for size of neck 13 inches, place the blade with the second line N on center-line of back, have figure 13 even with the guide stroke of neck, for the entire size of neck and guide of shoulder mark at figure 9 on the same edge of the blade. To continue the shoulder-guide mark at the opposite edge of blade as the line N shows. For length of shoulder place the angle of square on the stroke of neck, have the blade B also on the stroke of shoulder-guide, draw a line for length of shoulder.

For width of waist place the square on the waist-guide, mark the subdivision-inches for waist and guide of side, for length of side place the angle of square on the side of waist, have the blade B to your right to slant slightly from

you, mark the length of side.

For width of back place the angle of square on the center-line of back, have the blade B over to the length of side, connect the length of side with the width of back, to shape the arms-eye place the curved blade with arms-size M on shoulder length, have the figure 11 of bust scale to connect with the width of back and side length, draw a line for arm's-eye, to shape the side, place the curved blade with the point of edge L on the width of back, have the edge L also on width of waist, draw a line for side.

For hip have the inch 6 of blade B on center-line and waist-guide, have the blade to slant out, continue the center-line down, for width of hip place the blade C 4 inches below the waist-guide, have the angle on the center-line, mark the width of hip, place the blade B to the side, and continue the side line down.

To splice the back for a coat back, take the inner edge of curved blade, place the point at the arms-eye, have the inner edge of blade also on the waist-line about 1 inch from the center-line of back, then draw a line from arms-eye to waist, below the waist draw the lines as the diagram shows for fullness of hip.

If the back is to be spliced with a straight line from waist to shoulder, take

the square.

If a waist wrinkles scross the back below the neck, the shoulders of the back are too tapering, draw a square shoulder as the upper line of diagram shows. Should the back be too low at the back of neck it shows that the shoulders

are not tapering enough.

The dotted line which slants outward from the shoulder to waist shows how to draft the back for blouse waist, by adding from 1 to 2 inches to the width of back, and 2 to 3 inches to the waist-measure.

To cut the back for princess dress, the back has to be spliced either from the arms-eye to waist or from the shoulder down to waist, this makes a centerback and a side-back.

To cut the skirt part of the center-back, gore the center-edge, cut the sideedge of the same pattern straight.

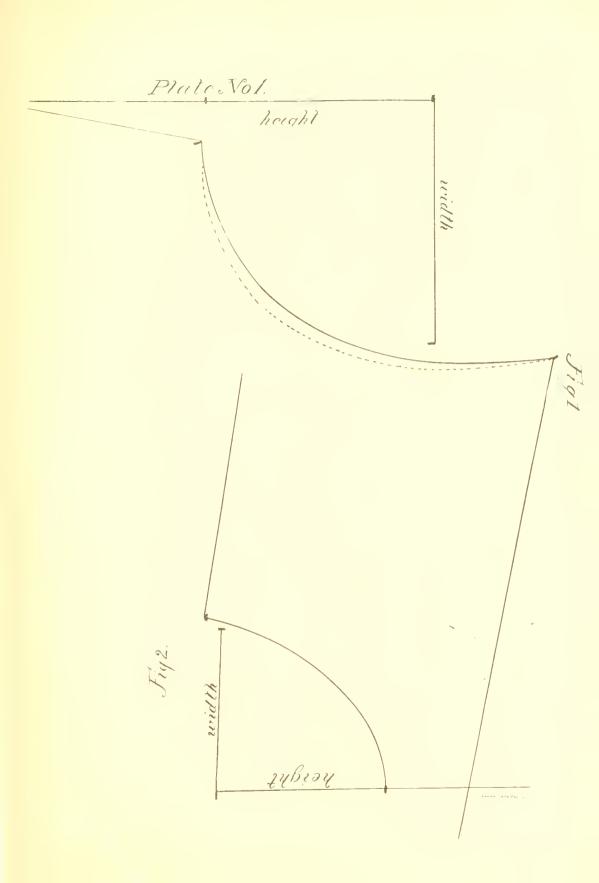
To cut the skirt part of side-back, gore the edge facing to the back, cut the edge facing to the front straight.

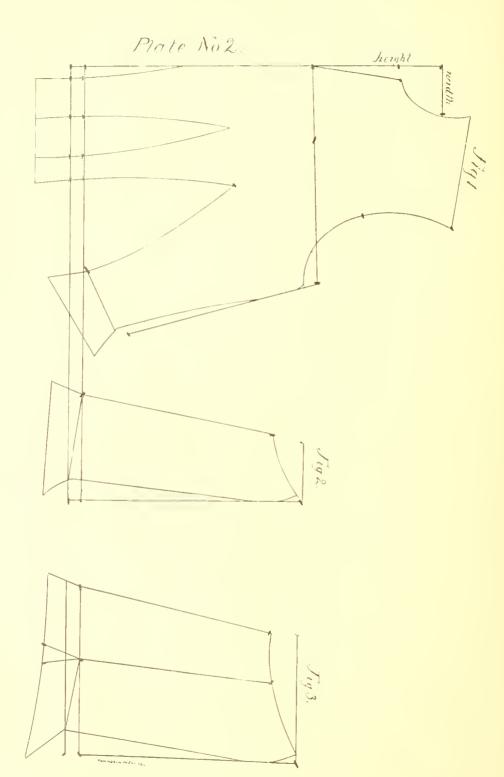
RULES FOR SLEEVE.

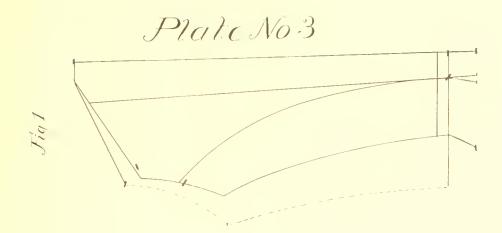
For height of cap of the different sized upper sleeves, for a sleeve 6 inches in width, take 2½ inches up for cap, for 7 inches in width take 2¾ inches for cap, for 8 inches in width take 3 inches for cap. To each inch more in width

add a 14 inch to the height of cap.

For slanting the wrist of lower sleeve, the inch r on the angle of blade B is divided into eighths for this purpose. For 2 inches in width of wrist take four eighths for a slant, to each 12 inch more in width take one-eighth more for slant. For slant of the wrist place the angle of square on the inner stroke of upper wrist, have the edge of blade B even with the stroke for bent of lower sleeve.







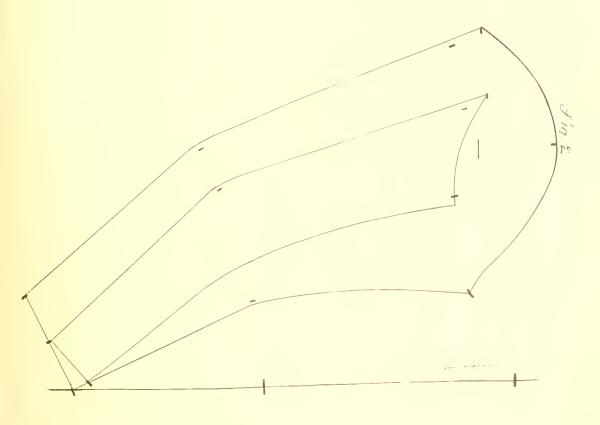
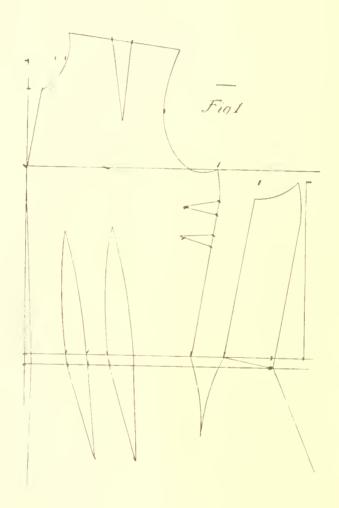
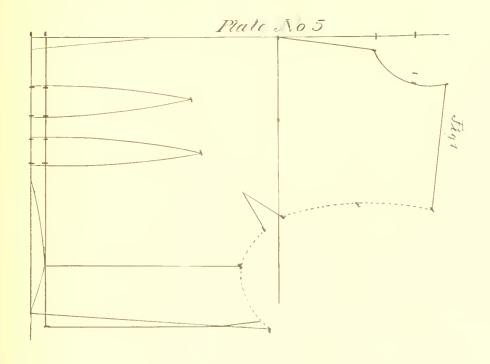
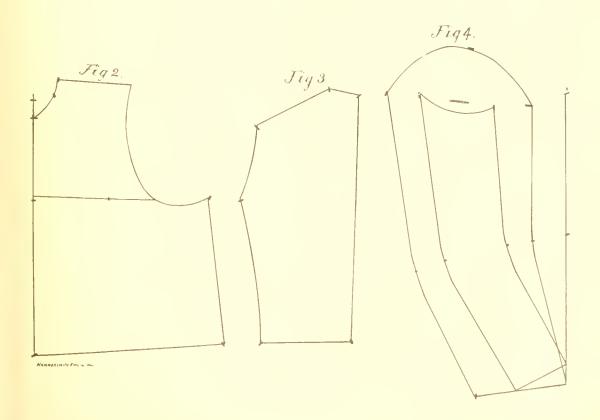


Plate No4













MEASURES FOR SLEEVE.

For the outer length of sleeve have the arm bent, measure from the wrist to elbow, mark the length, continue to the outer curve of arms-eye and meet with side length of back.

For the inner-length of sleeve hold the arm straight, measure from the inner

curve of arms-eye to wrist.

For width of sleeve, measure around the top of the arm, have the measure not too tight

For width of elbow, have the arm bent, take the measure around the elbow;

have the measure not too tight.

For width of wrist, measure around the palm of the hand quite tight for a tight sleeve, have the measure loose for a loose sleeve.

The top, elbow and hand measures of sleeve should be divided according to the figures in division tables.

Should there be 1/2 inch in the measure of the sleeve add it to the upper

part of sleeve.

MEASURES FOR TOP OF SLEEVE.

Division for	Entire	Division for
Upper Sleeve.	MEASURE.	Lower Sleeve.
6_{12}^{1}	9	2 1 2
$7^1_{12} \cdots$		212
812		$\cdots \cdots 3^{1}_{2}$
10		
IO ³ 4		4 4
1214		434
13		5
1334		5 [4]
14/2		$\cdots \cdots 5/2$

MEASURES FOR THE ELBOW.

	THEROUND:	Division for Lower Sleeve.
	8 8	
6	9 9	3
634		3 14
7,12,		3 12
8	12	
834		
912		4 12
10		5
103/4		5 14

MEASURES FOR THE HAND.

Division for	Entire	Division for
UPPER SIFEVE.	MEASURE.	LOWER SLEEVE.
1	6	2
434		2,1
512	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2 1 2
б	9	3
63,		31,

DIAGRAM FIG. 2 OF PLATE No. 3

SHOWS A DIMINUTIVE DRAFT OF STEEVE FOR LADIES.

Give attention to the right bend of sleeve, draw a straight line for original guide, have the guide towards you. Place the square on the line have the angle to your left, have 3 to 4 inches space for slant of wrist.

For inner length of upper sleeve make three strokes on the original line by the edge of blade B. The lower stroke mark at the angle for the inner guidestroke of wrist. The center stroke mark at half the length of sleeve measure to guide the bend of sleeve. The upper stroke mark at the entire length.

Place the angle of square on the center-stroke, mark 4 inches in for bend of sleeve. Place the angle of square on the upper-stroke, mark 4 inches in for shape of top. Then place the angle of square on the stroke of wrist, have the edge of blade B on the bend-stroke, then draw a line from wrist to the stroke of bend. Take the curved blade, place the point of edge L 2 inches below the bend stroke of sleeve, have the edge L also on the upper stroke, draw a line by edge L to complete the inner length.

For width of wrist place the angle of square on the inner-stroke of wrist, have the blade B even with the line of sleeve, mark the width of wrist at blade C, draw a line from inner to outer stroke of wrist.

For width of elbow place the angle of square on the bend of sleeve-line, mark the width at blade B.

For width of sleeve at top, place the angle of square on the inner-length of sleeve, mark the width at blade B.

For the elbow-length of sleeve, place the angle of square on the outer-width of wrist, have the width of elbow to connect with the length of elbow, draw a line from wrist to elbow, allow I inch for fullness at elbow, continue the line to the top width of sleeve. To get the exact length, take a tape-measure, measure the inner-length from wrist to top, measure the outer-length from wrist to elbow, continue to the top.

Place the square across the top of sleeve from the inner to the outer-length, draw a short line in the center of sleeve, from the latter line take 3½ inches up for cap, draw a round line for cap.

LOWER SLEEVE.

Mark the lower sleeve on the same pattern as with upper sleeve, place the angle of square on the inner-stroke of wrist, with the blade B 2 inches in from the bend of upper sleeve, draw a line from the wrist to the bend of lower sleeve.

Place the angle of square on the inner-length at top of sleeve, mark 3 inches in from the sleeve-line, take the curved blade, place the point of edge L 2 inches below the bend-stroke, have the edge L also on the upper-stroke for lower sleeve, draw a line to complete the length.

For width of wrist place the angle of square on the inner stroke of wrist, for 212 inches width take five-eighths up for slant, make a mark, move the angle on the stroke for slant, have the edge of blade B on the bend of lower sleeve, have the blade C with the intended width of lower wrist on the line of upper wrist, then draw a line for lower wrist.

For width of elbow, place the angle of square on the bend of sleeve, mark

the width at blade B.

For width of sleeve at top, place the angle of square on the length of sleeve, mark the width at blade B.

Place the angle of square at the width of wrist, have the width of elbow to connect with the elbow-length, draw a line from wrist to elbow, continue the line to the top of sleeve.

To get the exact length take a tape-measure and measure the inner and

outer length, draw a curved line at top.

To draft a sleeve for a miss do not curve the sleeve as much as for a lady, the rules in drafting the sleeve are the same as for lady's sleeve.

Alterations must be made on the outer seam for tightening or loosening the sleeve, also for a flowing or bell sleeve make allowance on the lower sleeve from elbow to wrist.

MEASURES FOR PRINCESS DRESS OR WRAPPER.

For front, measure from neck to waist, continue to the floor.

For side, measure from side of arm's-eye to waist, continue back of hip to the floor.

For under-arm, measure from under-arm to waist, continue over the hip and to the floor.

For back, measure from back of neck to waist, continue to the floor.

If a train is desired take measures according to the desired length.

DIAGRAM FIG. 1 OF PLATE No. 4

SHOWS A DIMINUTIVE DRAFT FOR FRONT OF PRINCESS DRESS OR WRAPPER.

Follow the instruction of fig. 1 of plate No. 1 for the guide of front-neck, shoulder and chest, allow at shoulder and chest for shoulder dart. Place the angle of square on the stroke of neck, have the edge of blade B on original guide, mark at both edges of bust-guide F, at inch 4 mark the length of front waist, place the angle of square on length of front waist, have blade C on original front-guide, for waist guide draw a line along the edge of blade B.

Place the angle of square on the two strokes of bust-guide, with blade C towards you, draw a line along the edge of blade B, mark the width of bust for front part to shape the arms-eye, draw a line from length of shoulder to width

of chest and to width of bust.

Mark a 12 inch in at waist length for curve of waist, draw a line for frontedge from waist up to bust, to locate the darts at waist place the angle of square on the length of waist, with the edge of blade B on the waist-guide, mark the first dart 2 inches from the front edge, add 112 inch for first dart, take 1 inch waist from first to second dart, add 112 inch for second dart.

For the height of darts place the blade B on the front edge, have the inch of the intended height on the stroke of waist, with the blade C across the bust, locate the top of darts by the edge of blade C, the first dart mark at inch 2½, the second dart mark at inch 5, raise the second dart a ½ inch.

To shape the darts take curved blade, place the point of edge L on the first stroke of dart at lower waist-guide, draw a line to the height of dart stroke, for the opposite side of the dart, turn the blade blank up, shape the second dart in the same manner below the waist, shape the darts straight, draw the lines to a

slope.

After the darts are shaped divide the remaining inches of waist in two parts, place the blade B on waist guide, take the one part of the inches from second dart to the hip-form, add 2 inches for hip-form, take the second part of the inches from the hip-form to the side, make a mark, add 1 inch for the guide-stroke of side, place the square with blade C on the waist-guide, also on the guide-stroke of side, have the blade B to your left, draw a line for guide of side, for length of side mark the intended length at blade B the guide-stroke for bust, place the angle of square on the guide-stroke of bust, mark the remaining width of bust, curve the side from bust to waist-guide.

For the under-arm length, place the blade B on the inner-stroke of waist at second hip-form stroke, draw a line from waist to the bust for second hip-form line, draw a curved line at bust for arms-eye, draw the first hip-form line from bust to waist, locate two small darts on the line to point towards the front, have the upper dart 1½ inch below the arms-eye, have the darts deep enough to have the line conform in length with the second hip-form line, slope the two lines to a point 3 to 4 inches below the waist line. For size of hip place the blade B 4 inches below the waist line from front to side, add the width for the darts and the hip-form to the hip measure, make a stroke and draw a round line from waist line down to hip. The darts should be placed to slant to the side.

Example: For a large bust and small waist add more space in the dart at shoulder for fullness of bust, for large hip add more space in the hip-form at waist for fullness of hips, if a dress is too tight over the hips it shows that there is not space enough in the hip-form at waist to give the desired fullness.

For princess dress or wrapper there should be no darts placed in the dress goods, the dress goods should always be designed in some pretty way so as to avoid the darts. This should make no difference in regard to the lining, as it is always best to have a good fitting lining with darts.

The darts for princess dress should not be taken too deep as it gives too

much fullness in the skirt part.

This is the object of having the shoulder dart for the purpose of having

sufficient fullness for the bust.

Reference is made to the hip-form of princess dress, if more seams are desired in the skirt part, splice the pattern from the hip-form down, this makes a front and side part, cut the side-edge of the front part gore enough to give the desired fullness, cut the indicating edge of the side part quite straight, gore the side part on the side edge facing to the back.

DIAGRAM FIG. 1 OF PLATE No. 5

SHOWS A DIMINUTIVE DRAFT FOR A PLAIN WAIST.

Follow the instructions of fig. 1 for the guide of front neck, shoulder and chest.

For guide of bust and length of waist, place the angle of square on the stroke

of neck, have the edge of blade B on original front-guide, mark at both edges of bust-guide F at inch 4, mark the length of front waist. To guide the width of waist place the angle of square on length of waist, have the blade C on original front-guide, then draw a line along the edge of blade B, then draw a lower line according to the allowance for slant of waist.

Place the angle of square on the two strokes of bust guide, with the blade C towards you, draw a line along the edge of blade B, mark the entire width of

bust.

Mark at 12 inch in at waist-length for curve, draw a line for front-edge from waist up to bust, to locate the darts, place the angle of square on the curve-stroke of waist with the edge of blade B on the waist-line, divide the waist-measure in unequal parts, add the width for the darts, mark the first dart 2 inches from the edge, add 112 inch for first dart, take 1 inch waist from first to second dart, add 212 inches for second dart.

For the height of darts place the blade B on the front-edge, have the inch of the intended height on the stroke of waist with blade C across the bust, locate the top of darts by the edge of blade C, the first dart mark at inch 3, the second

dart mark at inch 6, raise the second dart a 12 inch.

To shape the darts take curved blade, place the point of edge L on the first stroke of lower waist-guide, draw a line to the height of dart-stroke, for the opposite side of the dart, turn the blade blank up and draw a line, shape the second dart in the same manner.

After the darts are shaped, count the inches of waist-measure which are placed in with the darts, place the angle of square on the front stroke of waist line, measure 2 inches waist from front edge to first dart, 1 inch from first to second dart, which makes 3 inches waist, place the edge of blade B with the inch 3 on the second line of the second dart, then take the remainder of the width of front waist, make a mark.

For length of side place the angle of square on the latter stroke of waist with blade B on the stroke of bust, mark the length of side at blade B, for underarm length place the square in about the center of the waist, measure from waist up to bust, to shape the arms-eye draw a line from length of shoulder to width of wheat, also to the averat under arm and side length.

of chest, also to the exact under-arm and side-length.

Slant the waist below the waist-line according to the allowance of the measure, front and side, lay a small plait in the curve of the arms-eye of the pattern.

For a misses waist follow the preceeding instructions, for a miss 10 to 12 years take 1 dart, for a miss 13 to 14 years take 2 darts, 1 inch in each.

DIAGRAM FIGS. 2 AND 3 OF PLATE No 5

SHOWS A DIMINUTIVE DRAFT OF FRONT AND BACK FOR CHILD'S WAIST.

Take the measures of waist not too tight, take no dart, draft a plain front, draft the back straight.

DIAGRAM FIG. 4 OF PLATE No. 5

SHOWS A DIMINUTIVE DRAFT FOR CHILD'S SLEEVE.

Curve the sleeve slightly, as it should be quite straight.

MEASURES FOR SKIRT.

For length of skirt, measure from the front of waist line to the floor.

For side, measure from the side of waist over the hip to the floor.

For back, measure from the waist-line at back to the floor.

For a very fleshy lady take two extra measures for length, one before the hip and one back of hip.

For width of skirt, take the measure of the waist for waist band.

For width of hips, take the measure around the hips about 5 to 6 inches below the waist.

For a miss, take the hip measure 4 to 5 inches below the waist. For a child take the hip measure 3 to 4 inches below the waist.

It is impossible to give specific instruction for a skirt as the styles are continually changing. Therefore the hip-measure should be divided as to the number of gores required. To suit the prevailing fashions purchase patterns.

It is necessary to have a correct skirt measure of the lady that the skirt is

to be made for, as purchased patterns are not always correct.

The right way to fit a skirt is to have the skirt-band of the correct measure, fit the skirt over the hips, fasten to the skirt-band, then arrange the lower part of skirt for length.

RULES FOR CUTTING THE WAIST-LINING.

Place the pattern on the lining in the like manner so as to agree with the outline of the diagrams, for the outlines of the diagrams show how the linings should be cut for a good fit.

Place the front edge of pattern parallel with the selvage, allow about 2 inches for hem. Place the under-arm part of the bias waist with the top of pattern pointing outward and the waist part of the same pattern pointing inward.

For back have the center-line of back as straight as possible.

Take the waist lining double fold. have the selvage towards you, cut the fronts out first, pin the pattern on the lining to keep it in place, then trace all the lines on the pattern, in cutting the lining allow for seams, baste the linings together on the traced lines.

The right way to put a waist together is to join the side-form to the back by keeping the back towards you, put the direct waist-lines together, continue

to the arms-eye, then join the two backs by the center-seam.

Turn and baste the hem of the front, then baste the darts, beginning at the top, join the under-arm part to the front by putting the direct waist lines together, continue to the arms-eye. Then join the under-arm parts of fronts to the side-form of back by putting the direct waist-lines together, continue to the arms-eye. Put the shoulders together beginning at the neck, stretch the front of shoulder slightly, keep the back of shoulder towards you. Sew the hooks and eyes on the waist before it is fitted.

For seamless waist connect the under-arm parts to the back, stitch the seams, then place the goods on the lining to the under-arm seam.

To draft a square or round collar, also yoke for shirt waist, pin the shoulder

line of back pattern on the shoulder line of front pattern.

Then draw pencil lines for the desired shape of pattern, place the pattern on a sheet of paper and trace the lines, this gives a good fitting collar and yoke.

RULES FOR CUTTING THE SLEEVE.

The pattern should be placed on the lining with the inner part of wrist on the selvage, while the inner part of the top of sleeve is from 4 to 5 inches from the selvage so as cut the sleeve from wrist to elbow considerably on a bias, then trace all the lines.

The lower sleeve should be cut still more on a bias than the upper sleeve. In cutting the dress goods for a tight sleeve the goods should be cut on a bias from the wrist to the elbow. At the top of sleeve allow for fullness according to the style.

The right way to put the sleeve together is to begin at the inner wrist, have the upper sleeve towards you, then join the point of inner wrist of upper sleeve to the point of inner wrist of lower sleeve, continue on the two traced lines to the top. Then join the onter seam from wrist to elbow, place the fullness at the elbow of upper sleeve, continue to the top. In sewing the sleeve in the armseye have the inner seam of sleeve at the inner curve of arms-eye.

For a leg-of-mutton sleeve with one seam join the lining from wrist to elbow, place the lining on the goods, for fullness at top allow according to style.

The teacher is requested to furnish the lady with her correct measure, as the lady can not take her own measure.





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